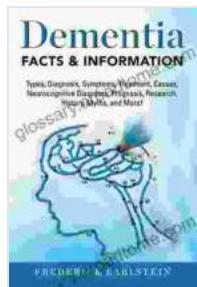


# Dementia: Types, Diagnosis, Symptoms, Treatment, and Causes



Dementia is a general term used to describe a decline in cognitive function beyond what might be expected from normal aging. It affects memory, thinking, judgment, and reasoning. Dementia is a progressive disease, meaning that it gets worse over time. There is no cure for dementia, but there are treatments that can help to manage the symptoms.



**Dementia: Dementia Types, Diagnosis, Symptoms, Treatment, Causes, Neurocognitive Disorders, Prognosis, Research, History, Myths, and More! Facts & Information** by Frederick Earlstein

 4.3 out of 5

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## Types of Dementia

There are many different types of dementia, but the most common type is Alzheimer's disease. Other types of dementia include:

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- Vascular dementia
- Lewy body dementia
- Frontotemporal dementia
- Mixed dementia

## Diagnosis of Dementia

Dementia is diagnosed based on a medical history, physical examination, and mental status examination. The doctor will ask about the person's symptoms, including when they started, how they have progressed, and how they affect the person's daily life. The doctor will also perform a physical examination to look for any signs of underlying medical conditions that could be causing the dementia. The mental status examination will assess the person's cognitive function, including their memory, thinking, judgment, and reasoning.

## **Symptoms of Dementia**

The symptoms of dementia can vary depending on the type of dementia and the stage of the disease. Some common symptoms include:

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- Memory loss
- Difficulty thinking and reasoning
- Poor judgment
- Changes in personality and behavior
- Difficulty with language
- Loss of coordination and balance

## **Treatment of Dementia**

There is no cure for dementia, but there are treatments that can help to manage the symptoms. These treatments may include:

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- Medications
- Behavioral therapy
- Support groups
- Lifestyle changes

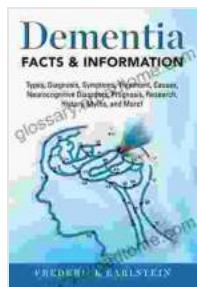
## **Causes of Dementia**

The exact cause of dementia is unknown, but there are a number of risk factors that can increase the likelihood of developing the condition, such as:

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- Age
- Family history of dementia
- Certain medical conditions, such as stroke, heart disease, and diabetes
- Head injury
- Exposure to toxins

Dementia is a serious condition that can have a devastating impact on the person with the condition and their family and friends. There is no cure for dementia, but there are treatments that can help to manage the symptoms. If you are concerned that you or someone you know may have dementia, it is important to see a doctor for an evaluation.



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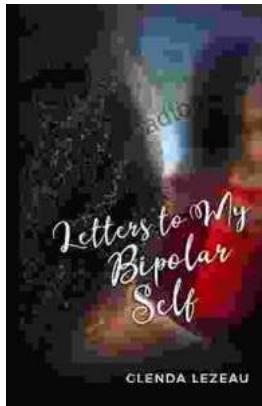
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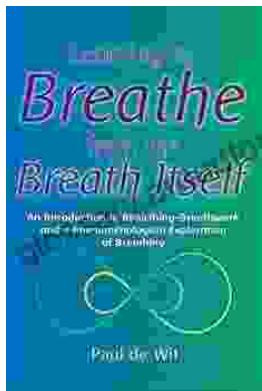
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